

**2024**  
**M.Sc.**  
**4<sup>th</sup> Semester Examination**  
**PHYSICS**  
**PAPER – PHS-401**  
*Full Marks: 50*  
*Time: 2 Hours*

**Paper code: 401.1 (Quantum Field Theory)**

**ANSWER Q1, Q2, AND ANY ONE FROM Q3 AND Q4**

**1. Answer any two (02) from the following:** **2×2=4**

- (a) State and explain the Noether's theorem of symmetry.
- (b) What is more fundamental, fields or particles? Justify your answer.
- (c) For free scalar field construct the Hamiltonian density and i-th momentum.
- (d) Show that vacuum expectation value of time ordered product of the odd numbers of field operators are vanishes.

**2. Answer any two (02) from the following:** **2×4=8**

- a) Define conserved current. Discuss the translational symmetry for free real scalar theory and deduce conserved charge in terms of the field. (1+3)
- b) Write down the Lagrangian density of the photon field and hence construct the Hamiltonian and momentum density of the field. (1+3)
- c) State the Wick's theorem and prove this for three Fermionic operators. (4)
- d) Write down the free Dirac equations and hence construct the Lagrangian density of the Dirac field and check if the Lagrangian is Hermitian. (1+1+2)

3. (a) For a real scalar field with Lagrangian  $L = \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu \phi \partial^\mu \phi - \frac{1}{2} m^2 \phi^2$ , show that after normal ordering the conserved 4-momentum has the operator form

$$P^\mu = \int \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3 2E(\mathbf{k})} k^\mu a^\dagger(\mathbf{k}) a(\mathbf{k}).$$

**(Turn Over)**

- (b) Construct the Lagrangian density for the free complex scalar field theory. (5+3)
4. (a) Deduce the Feynman propagator for the Dirac field.
- (b) For  $\lambda\phi^3$  theory, construct the Hamiltonian density and hence calculate the contribution to the two-point function, showing Feynmann diagrams up to the 2<sup>nd</sup> order in  $\lambda$ . (5+3)

**Paper code: 401.2 (Particle Physics)**

**ANSWER Q1, Q2, AND ANY ONE FROM Q3 AND Q4**

**1. Answer any two (02) of the following: 2×2=4**

(a) Estimate the ratio of the potentials of electromagnetic and gravitational interaction. Take mass of proton =  $1\text{GeV}/c^2$  and  $\frac{e^2}{\hbar c} = \frac{1}{137}$ ,  $G_N = 6.7 \times 10^{-39} \hbar c (\text{GeV}/c^2)^{-2}$ .

(b) Explain the non-occurrence or occurrence of the following process with proper reasoning:

$$(i) \Sigma^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 + \pi^+ \quad (ii) p + p \rightarrow K^+ + K^+ + n + n$$

(c) Differentiate between reducible and irreducible representation of a group.

(d) Draw the Y-I<sub>3</sub> diagram (weight diagram) of the baryon decuplet and also write the baryons in terms of quarks with explanations.

**2. Answer any two (02) of the following: 2×4=8**

- a) Draw and explain the Weight diagram for meson octet ( $K, \eta, \pi$ ). (4)
- b) What is charge conjugation? Discuss the CPT theorem (Luders-Pauli theorem). (2+2)
- c) i) Write Young diagrams of irreducible representation of  $S_4$

- ii) Suppose we have a set of transformation  $x' = f(x, a)$ . Also assume that an identity transformation exists and that the transformations are associative. Write down the requirements so that this transformation forms a Lie group. (2+2)
- d) Discuss the origin and resolution of  $\tau$ - $\Theta$  puzzle. (4)

3. (a) Calculate the generators of the  $SO(3)$  group.
- (b) Discuss what is meant by neutral Kaon oscillation. (4+4)

4. (a) Define Mandelstam variables in  $2 \rightarrow 2$  process and show that  $s + t + u = \sum_{i=1}^d m_i^2 = \text{constant}$ . (b) What is hypercharge? How it is connected with the multiplet of the group of the respective particle? (c) Write down the  $SU(2)$  Lie algebra and show that the generator are traceless. (4+2+2)

(All the symbols have their usual meanings)

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**Internal Assessment-10**

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