

**2019****M.Sc.****2<sup>nd</sup> Semester Examination****PHYSICS****COURSE – PHS 201 (Gr. – 201.1 & 201.2)****Full Marks : 50****Time : 2 Hours**

*The figures in the right hand margin indicate full marks.  
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

*Use separate answer scripts for Group 201.1 and Group 201.2.*

**Answer Q1, Q2 and any one from Q3 and Q4**

***(Quantum Mechanics-II – PHS 201.1)***

**1. Answer any two bits:****2 X 2 = 4**

(i) Suppose a spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  particle is in the state  $\chi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ i \end{pmatrix}$ , what are the probabilities of getting  $+\frac{\hbar}{2}$  and  $-\frac{\hbar}{2}$ , if we measure  $s_z$ ?

(ii) Show that  $\gamma^\lambda \sigma^{\mu\nu} \gamma^\rho \gamma_\lambda = 2\gamma^\rho \sigma^{\mu\nu}$  where  $\sigma^{\mu\nu} = \frac{i}{2} [\gamma^\mu, \gamma^\nu]$  (Symbols have their usual meaning).

(iii) Write down the limitations of Klein-Gordon equation for explaining the relativistic quantum mechanics.

(iv) Suppose we put a delta function bump in the centre of the infinite square well  $H' = \alpha \delta\left(x - \frac{a}{2}\right)$ , where  $\alpha$  is a constant. Find the 1<sup>st</sup> order correction to the allowed energies. Explain why the energies are not perturbed for even  $n$ .

***(Turn Over)***

**2. Answer any two bits:****2 X 4 = 8**

- (i) Calculate the Clebsch-Gordan coefficients for  $j_1 = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $j_2 = \frac{1}{2}$ .  
 (ii) Using the WKB approximation to find the allowed energy ( $E_n$ ) of an infinite square well with a shelf of height  $V_0$  extending half way across where

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} V_0 & \text{for } 0 < x < a/2 \\ 0 & \text{for } a/2 < x < a \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (iii) Show that total angular momentum is a constant of motion for Dirac particle in central force field.  
 (iv) Show that  $|1,0\rangle$  is the eigenstate of  $S^2$  where  $\vec{S} = \vec{S}^{(1)} + \vec{S}^{(2)}$ .

3. (i) The unperturbed wave function for the infinite square well are  $\Psi_n^{(0)} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$ . Suppose we perturb the system by simply raising the floor of the well by a constant amount  $V_0$ . Find the 1<sup>st</sup> order correction of energy. (2)

- (ii) Using variational principle calculate the ground state energy of delta potential,  $V(x) = -\alpha\delta(x)$ . (3)

- (iii) Show that  $Tr(\gamma^5 \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu) = 0$  (Symbols have their usual meaning). (3)

4. (i) Discuss the Dirac's hole theory. (3)

- (ii) Write the covariant form of Dirac equation in coordinate representation. Hence find the free particle Dirac Hamiltonian. Also find the hermicity properties of  $\gamma^\mu$  matrices. (1+1+2)

- (iii) What do you mean "Zitterbewegung"? (1)

**(Methods of Mathematical Physics-II - PHS 201.2)****1. Answer any two bits:****2 X 2 = 4**

- (i) Solve the partial differential equation  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} - z = 0$ ; given that when  $y = 0$ ,  $z = e^x$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = e^{-x}$ .  
 (ii) Solve the integral equation  $f(t) = \sin t - 2 \int_0^t f(u) \cos(t-u) du$ .  
 (iii) What is the order of nth dihedral group  $D_n$ ? Prove that the fourth dihedral group  $D_4$  has no subgroup of order 3.  
 (iv) Define Lie group with an example.

**2. Answer any two bits:****2 X 4 = 8**

- (i) Solve:  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} - 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \sin(3x + 4y) - e^{2x+y}$ .  
 (ii) Find the Fourier transform of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } |x| \leq a \\ 0, & \text{if } |x| > a \end{cases}$  and use it to evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^2 \omega a}{\omega^2} d\omega$ .  
 (iii) Define class of a group. Prove that any two classes of a group are either identical or disjoint.  
 (iv) Show that the quotient group  $GL_2\mathbb{R} / SL_2\mathbb{R}$  is isomorphic with the multiplicative group  $\mathbb{R}^*$ .  
 3. Find the Green's function for the boundary value problem  $-\frac{d^2 y(x)}{dx^2} = f(x)$  with boundary conditions  $y(0) = 0, y(1) = 0$  and use it to solve the differential equation if  $f(x) = \sin \pi x$ . Verify the result by using Laplace transform. (8)

4. (a) Find the irreducible representation of the special unitary group  $SU(2)$ . (5)  
 (b) Determine the character table for the group  $D_3$ . (3)

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**(Internal Assessment – 10)**

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